

BOW ISLAND REVIEW.

VOL. 5 NO. 47

BOW ISLAND, ALBERTA, FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 13, 1914.

SUBSCRIPTION \$1.40 A YEAR



Halt! Attention!

The 1914 War Illustrated

AND
The Bow Island Review
Western Home Monthly

FOR ONE YEAR
ALL FOR \$1.50

"The 1914 War Illustrated" contains over 300 remarkable war photographs with much valuable information as to the causes leading to the great struggle, and other important data including the military and naval strengths of the countries involved. Two interesting maps—one of the war zone, and the other (in four colors) of Europe are also included. This invaluable hand-book of the war is printed on art paper with an attractive patriotic cover, and is the best publication of its kind in Canada.

DON'T DELAY But send in your subscription today to the office of this paper

Change in Laws with Respect to Seizures.

An Act passed at the present Session of the Provincial Legislature and which came into effect on the 22nd of October respecting extra-judicial and other seizures, makes an important change in regard to the distress and forced sale of personal property. Under this Act private bailiffs are abolished and all seizures or distress for arrears of rent or under lien notes, conditional sale agreements and chattel mortgages are required to be made through a sheriff or an authorized sheriff's officer only, whose fees are fixed by the Act and to whom a proper warrant authorizing the seizure must be delivered. After seizure the goods distressed cannot be removed from the place where they are seized nor can they be sold without a judge's order. A like order must be obtained for the removal and sale of goods seized under execution.

No rule is laid down in the Act as to when a judge shall grant an order for removal and sale, so undoubtedly such an order will be granted when it appears authorizing the seizure has been obtained by the sheriff or his officer, and the seizure is regular. Although the Act does not grant a moratorium to Alberta debtors it assures to them that any seizures of their personal property and all forced sales of the same will be regular in law and that the few charges against them will only be those fixed by statute. The new regulations will undoubtedly do away with many if not most irregular seizures and sales of the past and incidentally collectors or agents of machine companies will have no authority to make seizures or repossessions.

Heavy penalties are imposed on any person making a seizure who is not a sheriff's officer, or for violation of any of the other provisions of the Act.

All seizures which have not taken place but under which there has yet been no sale will have to be turned over to the sheriff.

L.O.L. Concert.

The concert and supper given on November 6th by the L.O.L. assisted by the ladies of the Presbyterian Church, was very well patronized, and a very enjoyable time was spent. A pantomime entitled "The Busy Bee," given by the ladies, was especially good.

The programme was as follows:—
Address..... T. W. Dyer (Chairman)
Reading..... Alfred Miller
Orchestra.....
Reading..... Allen Egan
Song..... Mrs. Stone
Reading..... B. L. Jamieson
Address..... John Pollett
Reading..... J. J. Ager
Selection..... Orchestra
Song..... Lodge Quartette
Reading..... Rev. Bishop
Address..... A. F. Werle
Song..... Mrs. McGregor
Selection..... Orchestra
Song..... Mrs. Bateman
Pantomime..... Ladies' Aid
"God Save the King."

Beck's Weekly, edited by Edward Beck, the man who engaged Burns Detective Agency to unearth graft in the Quebec Legislature, and published in Montreal, is a unique publication and one that is growing in favor throughout the country. While devoted, primarily, to the promotion of honesty in the administration of public affairs, it is by no means devoid of one idea, but is made up every week of clever cartoons and pictures, stories, humorous sketches and a department of intelligent, if somewhat caustic comment on Canadian affairs. Among its contributors are some of the best writers and artists in Canada. It furnishes one of the most sparkling week-end editions of information, discussion and entertainment to be obtained anywhere. The price is 25 cents per copy, and the publishers will be pleased to send a sample copy upon request. Address: Beck's Weekly, 300 Craig Street West, Montreal.

H. Murray does a very neat job in harness and boot repairing.

Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Gibbons of Maleb were visiting in town this week.

R. A. Parker attended the meeting of the Farmers' Elevator Co. at Calgary this week.

Dr. Norman of the Provincial Board of Health paid a visit of inspection here last week.

Remember the date—Methodist Ladies' Aid annual chicken supper and concert, Thursday, November 26th.

Church of England services at Bar Vee schoolhouse will be at 11 a.m. on November 22nd and December 13th.

Judge Jackson was here last week in connection with the Court of Confirmation of Forty Mile Rural Municipality.

Her many friends will be pleased to hear that Mrs. A. F. Dulmage, who has been very ill the past few weeks, has now improved considerably.

The Young People's Society will hold a mock parliament in the Presbyterian church on Thursday, November 19th, at eight p.m. Come and help to secure good legislation.

Bow Island Methodist church, Divine service on Sunday in the Presbyterian church at 7:30 p.m. Preacher, Rev. W. R. Brooks of Whitham. Union Sunday school at 11 a.m.

Service in the English language at Fertile Plains on Sunday, Nov. 22, at two p.m.—Annual meeting of Fertile Plains congregation on Saturday, November 21 at one p.m.—N. R. T. Bus, pastor.

At a social meeting of the congregation of All Saints' at the Clergy House on Tuesday, November 3rd, it was decided to form a Social Circle for the winter. Mrs. W. P. Cotton was elected president and Miss Brown secretary.

Bow Island Amateur Dramatic Society will present "The Country Kid" in the L.O.L. hall on Tuesday, November 17. The orchestra will be in attendance, and if the play is anything like as good as those produced heretofore, those present should have a good time.

Burr Vee schoolhouse, 19-9-8, was the scene on Friday, Oct. 30, of a dance in aid of the Red Cross Fund. The sum raised, by charging adults 25c. for admission, and by making a collection, was \$36.80. Good for you, Bar Vee. What if every rural schoolhouse did the same!

At the Methodist service held at Fertile Plains schoolhouse, southeast of town, last Sunday morning, a collection was taken up for the Belgian relief fund. The amount realized was \$16.50. This action on the part of the congregation was perfectly spontaneous, and, in these hard times, reveals a noble generosity and sympathy.

Six candidates were initiated by the members of Golden Link (Rebekah) Lodge on Friday, November 6th. The work put out by the sisters was very creditably performed, and emphasized in no small degree the great interest which one and all are displaying in the Lodge. The nomination of officers for the next ensuing six months will take place on Friday, November 20th.

The erratic conduct of the Review during the past couple of months, during four weeks

of which it failed to make its customary appearance, has resulted in a deluge of complaints from subscribers (some of whom by the way have not paid up for the last two or three years). Whilst recognizing to some extent the justice of their complaints, we would point out that although their subscription is of real assistance, yet this in itself cannot possibly pay for the production of a newspaper under present conditions. In addition to a general withdrawal of advertising, the newspaper proprietor has had to face an increase (and a big increase) of all kinds of paper and material, and when this burden is considered in conjunction with the loss of advertising, subscribers will realize the position a newspaper is placed in. It may be added that in all cases subscriptions to the Review will be advanced a period covering that in which it has ceased to appear, so that subscribers will suffer no loss whatever.

Town Council

A meeting of the above held on Thursday (November 26) was attended by Mayor Luckhardt, Councillors Robertson, Reid, Hurd, Cotton and Russell.

The following accounts were submitted:
P. Thompson, labor 17.50
E. J. Tye, labor 10.25
J. H. Thompson, labor 10.25
Citizens Lumber Co. 10.25
Communications were read from the C.P.R. relative to the proposed new water pipe line, the solicitor being requested to write the C.P.R. and intimate that the plan submitted by the railway company had now been finally approved.

The solicitor (J. B. Lyons) wrote stating that in the matter of Stacey Lumber Co.'s taxes, the judge had decided in favor of the town.

It was decided to hold the final Court of Revision on the voters' list on November 12th. R. H. Robertson reported that the regulations had now been installed on the gas system, and that they had discovered some faulty fittings among those supplied for the installation of the regulators.

A detailed report was requested to be handed in regarding the matter. The need of appointing another J. B. in town was brought to the attention of the Council and it was decided to recommend J. C. Bell for the position.

The matter of allowing cesspools to exist on Main Street was brought up, and it was decided to ask the solicitor to report thereon at the next meeting.

The question of persons hitchhiking in order to lamp posts was referred to the chief of police, with instructions to take proceedings against anyone that was found guilty of this offence. The meeting then adjourned.

HAY FOR SALE.

I have a quantity of hay for sale, or will exchange some for calves or other stock. Would be glad to take a good milking cow for my keep during the winter.
H. E. King, southeast 14-10-10, four miles south and six miles east of Bow Island. Winifred P.O.

STUD HORSE.

For Sale or Trade, the well known horse, "INAMORABLE" (imp. 10026) (10026), steel grey, six years old, will be sold with a 75 cent per acre. Was imported four years ago and is an all round good horse. Write to J. B. Lyons, Bow Island, Alberta. Apply James Mason, 320 Centre St., Calgary.

HOTEL MYRTLE

Geo. F. Ridgeway, Prop.
Commercial Travellers' Home.
Best Brands of Wines, Liquors and Cigars.

The Leading Hotel

In Bow Island.

Two Big Sample Rooms in connection

Headquarters for Farmers & Ranchers

Rates—\$2.00 a day.

MEAL HOURS.

Week End Breakfast 4.30 to 6.00
Dinner 12.0 to 2.00 Supper 5.30 to 7.50
Week Day Breakfast 8.00 to 9.30
Dinner 12.00 to 1.30 Supper 5.30 to 7.00

Bow Island - Alberta

SYNOPSIS OF CANADIAN NORTH WEST LAND REGULATIONS.

THE sale of any, or any part of any, or any male over 18 years old, or any homesteaded quarter-section of available Dominion land, in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta. Applicant must appear in person at the Dominion Lands Agency or Sub-Agency for the District. Entry by proxy may be made at any Dominion Lands Agency (not sub-Agency), on certain conditions.
Duties—Six months' residence upon and cultivation of the land in each of three years. A homesteader may live within nine miles of his homestead on certain conditions.
In certain districts a homesteader in good standing may pre-empt a quarter section alongside his homestead. Price \$2.00 per acre.
Duties—Six months' residence upon and cultivation of the land in each of three years. A homesteader may live within nine miles of his homestead on certain conditions.
A seller who has exhausted his homestead right may take a purchase of 60 acres and erect a house worth \$800.
The area of cultivation is subject to a reduction in case of rough, scrubby or live stock may be substituted for cultivation under certain conditions.
In certain districts, a homesteader may take a purchase of 60 acres and erect a house worth \$800.
The area of cultivation is subject to a reduction in case of rough, scrubby or live stock may be substituted for cultivation under certain conditions.
In certain districts, a homesteader may take a purchase of 60 acres and erect a house worth \$800.
The area of cultivation is subject to a reduction in case of rough, scrubby or live stock may be substituted for cultivation under certain conditions.

MAIL CONTRACT.

SEALED TENDERS, addressed to the Postmaster-General, will be received at Ottawa until Noon on FRIDAY, the ELEVENTH DAY of DECEMBER, for the conveyance of His Majesty's mails, on a proposed contract for four years, twice per week each way, between Edmonton and Winifred, from the Postmaster-General's pleasure.
Printed notices containing further information as to conditions of proposed contract may be seen and blank forms of tender may be obtained at the Post-Offices of Edmonton, Ponkap, Granville, Windy Ridge and at the office of the Post-Office Inspector.
D. BRUCE, Post-Office Inspector.
Post-Office Inspector's Office, Calgary, Alberta, October 30th, 1914.

PROWSE & LYONS

Barriers, Solicitors, Notaries, Etc.
J. B. Lyons, J. H. Prowse
Bow Island every Thursday afternoon and Friday forenoon. ALTA.

WARNING.

Notice is hereby given that a preliminary order for \$100.00 made in order of L. V. Pritch, formerly of Bow Island, and registered, and persons taking it up do so at their own risk.
W. H. Schenck, Bow Island Alberta, October 30, 1914.

Will Trade for Horses.

100 acres of improved land three miles from the town of Bow Island, with a well, will be traded for horses. Balance on easy terms. Price \$20.00 per acre. Address—D. K. Morgan, Ponkap, Alberta.

For samples of Christmas Cards in

price at Review office.

Do You Read ?

Do you want good reading at Low Cost ?

If so, join our Lending Library.

A new lot of Books are now on the way to add to stock on hand. We also sell Magazines & Newspapers.

A complete stock of Druggists' Sundries and Stationery, :: Cameras, Films, etc.

Blaine Drug & Book Co.

UNION BANK OF CANADA

Are Your Children Learning to Save Money?

Each maturing son and daughter should have a

personal Savings Account in the Union Bank of Canada, with opportunities to save regularly, and training in how to expend money wisely. Such an education in thrift and saving will prove invaluable in later life.

Bow Island branch - J. M. Milroy, Manager.
Grassy Lake branch - A. B. King, Act'g-mgr.
Winifred branch - H. E. Sands, Manager.

1836 THE BANK OF 1914
British North America
78 Years in Business. Capital and Surplus \$7,750,000.

A Service Business Men Appreciate

The complete and valuable service rendered by the Bank of British North America has secured and retained the accounts as well as the confidence of a goodly proportion of Canada's prominent business men. The same service await you, whether your account be large or small.

R. A. S. MAC LAREN, Manager
J. G. CARSON, Manager

BOW ISLAND BRANCH
WINIFRED BRANCH

PEASANT STYLES FROM MANY LANDS



Caring for Babies In Hot Weather

These are the death days for babies. Ten times as many babies die during the hot weeks of July and August as in all the rest of the year.

In the effort to lessen this terrible death toll the agents of the government are carrying on a babies' health campaign through the infant milk stations of the board of health and through private philanthropic agencies. The New York department of health has prepared a pamphlet of rules for the care of babies in hot weather.

Some of them are as follows:
Milk—Bottle fed babies must be given only good milk which is kept constantly covered and on ice. Use milk furnished by the milk depots or diet kitchens. If the milk stations are not convenient get good bottled milk which is delivered every morning. If the milk cannot be kept properly cooled it should be boiled as soon as received.

Feedings—Prepare the feedings for the baby exactly as the doctor directs. Feed the baby at regular hours. Each feeding should be heated to a proper temperature in the nursing bottle before it is given to the baby. Taste a spoonful of the milk immediately before giving it to the baby to be sure that it has not soured. If the milk is not sweet do not give it to the baby.

Cleanliness—As soon as the bottle used by the baby is empty it should be thoroughly washed with cold water; then cleaned with borax and hot water (a teaspoonful of borax to a pint of water). The empty bottle should be put upside down on a shelf. The bottles should be boiled just before filling for the next feeding. The nipple should be thoroughly washed after each nursing with hot water and when not in use should soak in borax water in a covered glass. The nipple must be rinsed in boiling water just before the baby uses it.

Clothing—During the very hot days, or if the baby has fever, remove nearly all the clothing. A muslin slip or gauze shirt is enough. A baby with fever will not catch cold.
Bathing—A baby should have one tub bath every day; on very warm days from two to four general spongeings with cool water. If the baby has fever sponge it with cool water every two or three hours and place cool, wet cloths on the head.

Fresh Air—Babies, sick or well, must have fresh air. Keep the baby in the largest, coolest room in the house or apartment. Keep as little fire as possible. Keep the windows open day and night. Avoid the sun on hot days. Select the shady side of the street and the shade of the park, recreation place and roofs.

Sleep and Quiet—Keep the baby quiet. Let it sleep alone and let it sleep as much as possible. Do not let it sleep on a firm bed, not on feather pillows. Keep the baby and bedclothes clean. Change the diaper and bedclothes as soon as soiled and sponge the baby with a soft cloth and cool water. If this is done the baby will not be so restless. Give the baby every two or three hours something to suck. The baby must not be let the baby hang on the nipple or suck a "baby comforter."

EUROPE claims the attention of all nations at present, and the picturesque national costumes of the different countries are brought into prominence. Many who are familiar with the gala attire of the peasantry will recognize the principal features of the national costumes in the styles of the present. The designers have been inspired to adapt the smocks, bodices, coats and tunics, with slight variations, to the lines countenanced by the fall fashions.

In the fields of Normandy and Touraine the peasants wear loose-hanging smocks of dull blue, gray or tan-colored materials, and from these a designer evolved the stunning smock frock shown here. The smock of black satin slips over the head and extends well over the skirt of flowered black satin showing a tulip design in bright blue and red.

The sleeves of the smock are of the same material, fitting the wrists closely. Light blue braid is used to lace the shoulder and underarm seams together, and tassels of small black beads ornament the ends. This frock is simple, yet decidedly distinctive.

From colorful Spain comes the fascinating costume with the bolero jacket of the toreador. The underblouse is of canary-yellow chiffon, and over it is arranged the bolero of dark red silk, bordered with a narrow pleated frill of the same material. The skirt has an accordion-pleated overskirt of dark red silk, which falls over a foundation to correspond. The hip sash is of yellow silk, and the ends are ornamented with red silk tassels.

Among the mountains of Switzerland dwell the sturdy men who till the soil of the mountainsides during the short summer. Their costume consists

of a white blouse, red, blue or black jacket and knee breeches of worsted material to match. A modification of this costume is the suspender frock. White chiffon cloth is used for the blouse and the suspenders and skirt are of dark blue serge. The broad girdle is of softly folded red silk crepe. This is an excellent model for practical wear.

Many of the fashions now in vogue have been inspired by costumes worn in the land of the czar. The frock with the long Russian tunic is of dark blue crepe meter, and the skirt of the tunic is gathered in full lines. The blouse buttons at the side in true Russian fashion, while a broad girdle of leaf-green silk crepe and the collar of white mousseline de soie complete the stunning effect of this model.

The Albanian peasant wears a long, loose, sleeveless coat, a conception of which appears in the gown showing the modish margin combination. The coat is of black foulard dotted with white, and it is worn over a blouse of white mousseline de soie. The lower edge of the coat is looped up and binding of black satin outlines the neck line and the sleeves. The skirt is of black silk crepe; the upper tier is open to the waist and the corners are rounded.

If you admire the unusual in fashion, adopt the peasant styles.

Bow Island Review

W. F. COTTON, PROPRIETOR.
Bow Island - Alberta

A newspaper published in the interests of Bow Island and the surrounding district.

Subscription Rates—\$1.50 a year.
United States — \$2.00 a year.
Payable in advance.

Advertising Rates on Application.

(Held over from last week)

Young People's Society.

The meetings of the Young People's Society held in the Presbyterian church have been well attended. On Thursday, October 29, the meeting was in charge of the social department. A good programme of songs, readings, games, etc. had been arranged by Mr. Fitchett, the vice-president. Light refreshments were served and all present enjoyed themselves. On Tuesday, October 3, a spirited debate took place on the subject "Resolved that war brings out the best qualities of a nation." The affirmative was upheld by Mr. Blaine and Mr. Jamieson, whilst Mr. R. Parker and Mr. Alf. Millar took the negative. Both sides of the case were very ably presented. The decision given by the audience showed that they were not convinced about the advantages of war. The chair was occupied by the president, Rev. C. Bishop.

A Big Programme

The Ladies' Aid of the Methodist Church wish to announce that they have arranged for a series of concerts and socials to be held in the church during the winter months, the first programme drawn up by Mrs. R. Lakenby to take place on Thursday, November 12, at 7.30 p.m. sharp. The programme includes the following competitions, vocal and instrumental music, etc.:

- 1—Hat trimming competition for gents. Two prizes.
 - 2—Nail driving competition for ladies. Two prizes.
 - 3—Writing competition for boys and girls attending school north. Subject, "Bow Island's natural gas." Two prizes donated by Blaine Drug Co.
 - 4—Washing competition for gents. Two prizes donated by Lever Bros. Egg and spoon contest for ladies. Good prize.
 - 5—Essay competition on Progress of Bow Island, for boys and girls attending school south of track. Two prizes.
 - 6—Essay competition on Hoaglin's Store, open, good prize, donated by Mrs. A. Hoaglin.
- Entrance to all competitions free.
Chairman, Mr. A. F. Watts.
Accompanist, Miss Taylor.
Treasurer, Mrs. R. Lakenby.

LOST.

Sheepskin Coat, just south of Bow Island.—J. W. Long.

IMPOUNDED.

Two-year-old heifer, red with white face, no horns, branded S T on right hip.—J. Jacobson, south-east 15-12-10, Winifred P.O., Alta.

TENDERS WANTED.

Tenders wanted immediately for cultivating 50 acres (cropped last spring—crop did not come up) with a spring-tooth cultivator, or ploughing said 50 acres with gang plough—call on north-east 23-10-10-4. Send tenders to North-east Trust Co., Ltd., Calgary, Alberta.

Dissolution of Partnership.

Notice is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing between A. F. Mack, J. F. Herrou and J. J. Brophy, doing business under the firm name of Mack, Herrou and Brophy, at Bow Island, Alberta, has been dissolved by mutual consent, as dated at Bow Island, Alta., this 23rd day of October, 1914.
J. J. BROPHY
A. F. MACK

Encourage home trading by bringing YOUR printing to the Review office.

BIG OPPORTUNITIES AT WESTERN DOORS

Winnipeg's Food Supplies Now Chiefly Imported, Could All Be Produced in Manitoba Province

Winnipeg's rapidly increasing population yearly demands more fresh vegetables, more milk, butter, cream, more poultry and eggs, more beef, mutton and pork and other animal and agricultural products. Indeed, so great has the demand become that a remarkable state of affairs exists at the capital of Manitoba, at the present time. Situated in a district—the Red River Valley—which has probably the most fertile soil outdoors, Winnipeg annually imports from the United States and ships from Eastern points, thousands of dollars' worth of these commodities. The butter receipts at Winnipeg from Eastern Canada and the United States, for 1912 were 85 cars, or approximately 2,000,000 pounds, valued at \$60,000. Dressed poultry received in Winnipeg during the same year required for shipment 54 cars, and weighed 1,620,000 pounds, valued at about \$145,000. Local cream companies in 1912 paid 20,000 for milk and cream from St. Paul and Minneapolis alone. Customs returns show that during the fiscal year ending March, 1913, Manitoba imported 1,095,480 dozen eggs valued \$1,131; bacon and hams, 4,888,869 lbs., worth \$775,549; 696,145 pounds of fresh meat, not including another 3,939 pounds of mutton and lamb; and 92,709 pounds of salted meats. The figures for live stock show 16,488 sheep and 329 head of cattle imported during the same period. Over 3,500 horses were imported by the province in the same fiscal year. The figures for vegetables imported during the same period are equally remarkable, as follows: Tomatoes, etc., in cans, 138,292 pounds; 18,723 bushels of potatoes, valued at \$28,088; and fresh vegetables of other kinds to the value of \$78,258. The possibilities in mixed farming and market gardening in the Winnipeg district are almost unlimited, representing an extremely profitable industry in which comparatively few are engaged. Winnipeg for many years will continue to grow faster than the supply of these products, and forms an ideal and easily accessible market, situated in a district of surprising richness.

The same is true in lesser degree of scores of cities and towns scattered over the prairie. The western Canadian farmer has at his door an undeveloped gold mine, to the appropriation of which the Dominion and Provincial Governments can assist him. The needs of the situation are cheaper money for agricultural purposes, and an increased supply of farm labor.

Calgary's Story of Great Progress

According to the Calgary Herald over 4,000 new consumers were taken on by the Calgary electric works during 1912. In the twelve months the consumption of electricity increased from 1,684,785 to 2,470,867.25, notwithstanding reductions in price. Bank of America increased from \$218,481.95 to \$375,492,305; Island revenue from \$470,497 to \$662,638; and city assessment from \$113,600,000 to something over \$120,000,000. During the year the city laid 58 miles of streets as against 53 miles in 1911; 48 miles of water mains as against 40 miles in 1911; and 20 miles of pavement as against 12 miles in 1911. Twenty-eight miles of curb and gutter and 40 miles of concrete sidewalks were laid in 1912, and 1,977 houses were connected with the city waterworks system. The outlook for 1913 is even more encouraging. A number of industries which have been included in the building figures are not yet employers of labor to any great extent, but will be before the year is over. General Superintendent Price, of the C.P.R., stated on the last day of the old year, that 1,800 men would be employed in the company's shops within a few months. The Riverside Lumber Co. are building a large wood working factory which will increase their payroll in and tributary to Calgary, to over 1,000 men. The Tremblay Clay Product Co., is another large industrial plant which is just getting slowly under way. The Pioneer Tractor Co. expects to be employing 500 men before midsummer. The C.N.R. and G.T.P. will both be come extensive employers of labor in Calgary this year. In addition to these outstanding concerns, practically every firm in the city, large or small, is adding to its staff. Calgary's share of progress is that of scores of western towns in greater or lesser degree.

The Brand Store Co. will erect a plant, costing \$100,000, in Regina, Sask.

Will Canada Carry Her Burden?

GREAT BRITAIN AND EUROPE, where productive industry has been paralyzed, have mouths to feed, bodies to clothe, constructive operations to carry through, and a thousand and one wants and needs to be satisfied—and Great Britain and Europe look to Canada in confidence for much of the needed supplies.

It were folly for Canadian manufacturers and merchants to be downhearted during these terrible times in Europe. A great burden—a great duty—a great responsibility—has been imposed on Canadian manufacturers, merchants, bankers and workers. Shall Canada and Canadians shirk this burden, this duty, this responsibility?

What's the Answer?